

SHOW COORDINATOR REPORT  
 JUNE, 2018

Comparison of income for the first quarter for the past several years:

	Jan	Feb	March	April	Total
2013	\$ 3,228.50	\$ 4,559.50	\$ 3,409.50	\$ 2,238.50	\$ 13,466.00
2014	\$ 1,467.00	\$ 6,904.00	\$ 4,636.00	\$ 1,404.00	\$ 14,411.00
2015	\$ 3,708.00	\$ 7,293.50	\$ 4,898.00	\$ 3,975.50	\$ 19,875.00
2016	\$ 1,278.00	\$11,180.00	\$ 2,182.50	\$ 3,045.50	\$ 17,686.00
2017	\$ 3,740.11	\$ 6,709.50	\$ 3,344.00	\$ 5,497.81	\$ 19,291.43
2018	\$ 2,051.50	\$ 6,915.00	\$ 5,217.00	\$ 2,722.50	\$ 16,906.00

The ribbons orders were placed and received.

Ribbons expense:

240 sets JR/SR Doe (960 ribbons)	
200 sets JR/SR Buck (800 ribbons)	\$ 5,178.00 (1760 ribbons, packaged and shipped)
230 sets GR Doe (460 ribbons)	
200 sets GR Buck (400 ribbons)	
250 sets Wether (500 ribbons)	\$ 6,767.00 (1360 ribbons, packaged and shipped)
	\$11,945.00

We currently have 67 Master Champion ribbons in stock. We will have to place an order this summer. It is more difficult to predict the numbers since there are still some ribbons that have not been distributed because of lack of entries, and it is not as predictable as to when the classes are going to be offered. Last year there were 140 classes offered and 114 master champion ribbons were taken out of NPGA inventory.

There have been a couple of questions recently that I have been asked about with regards to the show rules and regulations:

The first involves clarification of the issue of showing an animal on a transfer and the requirement that there needs to be 6 exhibitors in the show. The specific issue is that animals have been “transferred” for the day of the show to satisfy the 6 exhibitor requirement. Taken to the extreme, GH has 6 animals to show so transfers 5 of them to 5 other people just to satisfy the 6 exhibitor rule. That is not the intent of the 6 exhibitor rule. There are a couple of rules that address ownership of an animal:

*C.2. Proof of ownership shall be the name on the registration certificate. . .*

And,

*G.6. At least 6 exhibitors must be represented at any show for the Grand Champion to earn a win. For purposes of meeting this requirement, each NPGA membership number shall constitute one exhibitor, or in the case of a non-NPGA member, the owner(s) of record on the registration certificate. Only one membership number/name can be assigned to each animal for the purpose of counting exhibitors.*

In G.6. owner and exhibitor are used interchangeably. If we adhere to this thinking and manage shows with this in mind then we have solved the problem. 6 exhibitors would be determined by having 6 different owners as listed on the front of the registration certificate. Additional confusion would be avoided by deleting the last part of C.2. . *“Otherwise, the owner is determined by a transfer of ownership when it is dated within 90 days of the show and presented with the original registration certificate.”* That statement leaves some unanswered questions, like, what happens if the transfer is over 90 days? And, this statement is not needed to protect an exhibitor’s ability to show an animal on a transfer as that issue is covered in rule C.3. *“Exhibitors may enter and show goats not registered to them with the registered owner’s verbal or written consent. Verbal consent between the owner and exhibitor is assumed by the exhibitor having the goat and the original registration certificate. If the signature of the owner is required, the exhibitor may sign for the owner. Win will be recorded in the name of the owner in all cases.”*

The second question arose about the transfer of ownership and the fact that it is sometimes not processed through central office. The incident was described as “We have had many cases where wethers are shown with transfers not recorded and they are shown under the judge’s herdname and the judge is still listed as the owner on the front of the paper.”

As a breed registry it is our responsibility to have as accurate records as possible and to encourage transactions are completed in a timely manner. We have an increased fee for registering animals after a certain age. I think we need to apply the same logic to transfers of ownership and increase the transfer fee if not submitted within 60 days of the sale. To Rules and Regs 4.C. add the penalty to read: . . . .  
*“Transfer fees for Does, Bucks, and Wethers are \$6.00 for members and \$10 for non-members. A late fee of \$5.00 per transfer will be charged if not submitted within 60 days after the date of sale.”*

This will help clean up the confusion about the owner of record, especially when a transfer is involved and may generate some additional income, as well as, increasing the accuracy of the registry.

Another issue was brought up for discussion:

*“I would also like to see them reduce the number of exhibitors required in a youth show from 6 to 4 since even wethers can only earn partial legs and create an ROA that is ONLY for restricted shows so we can show the actual numbers required both for animals and exhibitors on that form.”*

Submitted by  
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Show Coordinator